

Comphrensive Sales Training.

Handling objections is both an art and a science



Sales Calls

Opening the Sales Call **Module 1**

Comprehensive Sales Training Plan Module 1 - Sales calls.

Objective:

Equip sales professionals with the skills to conduct effective sales calls, including opening, building rapport, presenting value, handling objections, and closing the call.

Introduction to Sales Calls



- Importance of sales calls
- Types of sales calls (cold calls, warm calls, followup calls)

Preparation for Sales Calls



- Researching the prospect
- · Setting clear objectives
- Preparing a call script

Opening the Call



- Building rapport
- Establishing a connection
- Setting the agenda

Presenting Value



- Understanding customer needs
- Tailoring the pitch
- Highlighting benefits over features

Closing the Call



- Identifying buying signals
- Asking for the sale
- Setting up next steps

Opening the call

Building Rapport



The opening of a sales call sets the tone for the entire conversation. It's crucial to build rapport, establish a connection, and set a clear agenda to ensure a productive and engaging dialogue. Here, we expand on these key stages:

Objective: To create a comfortable and friendly environment that encourages open communication and trust.

Key Steps:

a. Initial Greeting:

- **Polite and Professional:** Start with a polite and professional greeting. Use the prospect's name to make the interaction more personal. For example, "Good morning, [Prospect's Name]. This is [Your Name] from [Your Company]. How are you today?"
- **Tone of Voice:** Use a warm and enthusiastic tone to convey your interest and positivity. Your tone can significantly impact the prospect's perception and willingness to engage.

b. Small Talk:

- **Common Interests:** Engage in light small talk to find common ground. This could relate to industry events, recent news, or shared connections. For example, "I noticed that your company recently launched a new product. How has the response been so far?"
- **Weather or Local Events:** If appropriate, you can also mention the weather or local events, but ensure it remains relevant and brief to avoid wasting the prospect's time.

c. Genuine Compliments:

- **Recognize Achievements:** Compliment the prospect or their company on recent achievements or positive developments. For example, "I read about your recent expansion into the European market. Congratulations on that milestone!"
- **Personal Achievements:** If you know of any personal achievements of the prospect (from LinkedIn or other sources), mention them appropriately. This shows that you've done your homework and are genuinely interested.

Opening the call

Establishing a connection



Objective: To create a deeper, more meaningful connection by showing empathy and understanding of the prospect's situation and needs.

Key Steps:

a. Expressing Understanding:

- **Empathy Statements:** Show empathy by acknowledging the prospect's challenges and goals. For example, "I understand that managing rapid growth can be challenging. We've worked with many companies in similar situations."
- **Relevance to Their Role:** Relate your understanding to the prospect's specific role and responsibilities. For instance, "As a marketing director, you're likely focused on increasing brand visibility and lead generation, correct?"

b. Relating Personal Experience:

- **Shared Experiences:** Share relevant experiences that demonstrate your familiarity with their industry or challenges. For example, "In my previous role, I faced similar issues with customer retention. We found that implementing a robust feedback system made a significant difference."
- **Customer Stories:** Use stories from other clients who faced similar challenges and how they benefited from your solution. This not only establishes a connection but also builds credibility. For example, "One of our clients in your industry had a similar issue, and by using our solution, they were able to increase their lead conversion rate by 30%."

c. Active Listening:

- **Encouraging Dialogue:** Encourage the prospect to share their thoughts and experiences. Ask open-ended questions like, "Can you tell me more about your current challenges with [specific issue]?"
- **Reflecting and Paraphrasing:** Reflect back what the prospect says to show that you're listening and understanding. For example, "So, if I understand correctly, your main concern is improving the efficiency of your sales team, right?"

Opening the call Setting the agenda



Objective: To outline the purpose and structure of the call, ensuring both parties are aligned and know what to expect.

Key Steps:

a. Stating the Purpose:

- Clear Intentions: Clearly state the purpose of the call right after the initial rapport-building phase. For example, "The main reason I wanted to speak with you today is to discuss how our new software can help streamline your operations."
- **Relevance:** Ensure that the purpose aligns with the prospect's needs and interests. This shows that you respect their time and have prepared specifically for them.

b. Outlining the Agenda:

- **Structure of the Call:** Provide a brief outline of what will be covered during the call. For example, "I'd like to start by understanding your current challenges, then share some insights into how our solution can help, and finally discuss any guestions you may have."
- **Time Management:** Mention the expected duration of the call to help the prospect manage their time. For example, "I have set aside about 30 minutes for our conversation today. Does that work for you?"

c. Seeking Agreement:

- Confirming the Agenda: Ask for the prospect's agreement on the proposed agenda. This helps in gaining their buy-in and sets a collaborative tone. For example, "Does that agenda sound good to you, or is there anything specific you'd like to add?"
- **Adjusting as Needed:** Be flexible and willing to adjust the agenda based on the prospect's input. For example, "Sure, we can definitely start with discussing your current project needs before diving into our solutions."





Opening a sales call effectively involves building rapport, establishing a connection, and setting a clear agenda. By investing time in these stages, sales professionals can create a positive first impression, foster trust, and set the stage for a productive and engaging conversation. This structured approach ensures that both parties are aligned and that the call progresses smoothly towards achieving its objectives.



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